



WHERE VPNS END, BIFROST CONNECT

SECURING **REMOTE ACCESS** FOR CRITICAL
INFRASTRUCTURE IN 2026 AND BEYOND

Traditional network-based remote access is great, **until it isn't.**

It works when everything is ideal

- Operations run smoothly and systems are fully patched
- An in-house IT team manages all access control
- No urgent need for third-party experts
- You can afford the downtime, or the breach

But access breaks down when the standard solution can't do the job, or there is too much friction to get access:

- Networks are isolated / equipment is offline
- Firewalls are closed, no OS or permanent connections
- Vendors need immediate ad-hoc access, but you shouldn't compromise cybersecurity, control or governance.
- An incident takes the standard solution offline

So, people invent rogue workarounds that quietly raise risk.



.. And for the days when this is not your reality, **you need BifrostConnect**

Danish, hardware-based remote access for ad-hoc third-party access in critical infrastructure.

Built for where traditional network-based tools fail.

THE ANSWER

BifrostConnect: Unified Out-of-Band Access



Reaches what others can't

Device and network-level access to air-gapped, legacy and OS-less assets that software- or network-based tools can't reach.



Survives any outage

Connects over Ethernet, WiFi, 4G/LTE or Starlink, with no infrastructure changes on site.



Outbound-only, Zero Trust

OT calls out and never receives: no open ports, no inbound traffic, plus per-session MFA, just-in-time, least privilege.



Enforced accountability

Session recording with a full audit trail, independent of who owns the engineering license.



WHERE IT FITS

Where VPNs end, BifrostConnect =

1

Air-gapped & offline

Closed networks where the internet and standard VPNs are blocked.

2

Legacy & OS-less hardware

No network card, no OS, or Serial/USB-only troubleshooting.

3

Strict security & compliance

When policy forbids third-party access to the internal network.

4

Urgent third-party access

When AD, tickets and VPN setup are too slow for onsite needs.

5

Safety-critical environments

When the site must keep on-site control of who connects.

6

Vendor-owner conflict

A neutral, hardware-based bridge when no tool is agreed on.

OVERVIEW

The purpose of **BifrostConnect**

Standing VPN tunnels and traditional network-based access methods are not suited for commissioning, incident response & 3rd party access in critical infrastructure.

Instead, we offer BifrostConnect Unified Out-of-Band Access that provides Secure transport, Native Endpoint Control & Session Governance in one unified platform that's:

1. Danish hardware-based remote access for both IT and OT
2. Made for commissioning, operational resilience and incident response.
3. The solution enables remote access that maps to NIS2 and IEC 62443 by minimizing persistent exposure and enforcing zero-trust controls.



WHEN AND WHERE TO USE



COMMISSIONING

PROBLEM

Often needed before the site network, IAM and IT exist; VPNs need standing network access and a client, and remote-desktop tools install software on the engineering station.

SOLUTION

Clientless DNA (serial/KVM/SSH) over the Unit's own 4G; nothing installed on the asset, no network to join.

BENEFITS

Bring gear online even before the site network or identity is in place, approved on site, with zero footprint on the asset.

PLANNED & AD-HOC MAINTENANCE

VPNs and persistent tunnels leave a standing, always-open path with broad subnet access that is hard to scope or time-bound, and unmanageable across many vendors.

Zero Standing Privilege: on-demand, subnet-scoped sessions, time-bound on Dedicated Cloud; approvals and access events logged in Manager and forwarded to SIEM.

Least-privilege access (a core NIS2 and IEC 62443 expectation) with no open door between sessions.

INCIDENT RESPONSE + EMERGENCY ACCESS

When the incident is the network or IT/IAM itself (ransomware, routing down, captive portal, IdP outage), VPNs, jump hosts and SSO-dependent tools fail exactly when needed.

Network-independent OOB path (own 4G/LTE) and self-contained identity in Manager (no dependency on your IAM); DNA reaches device consoles even when production routing is down.

A way back in that survives the incident, because it shares no fate with production or IT.

Technology Overview



MANAGER = Central Control Plane

- Session scheduling, JIT access control/ Time-based Access, audit logging.
- Forced 2-factor authentication
- Secure Filetransfers (Direct and Offline)
- Cloud or On-prem

NB. Signalling only / no production data stored or accessible through cloud or TURN-servers:
BifrostConnect has no ability to decrypt customer production data. Sessions use end-to-end encrypted WebRTC (DTLS-SRTP); our TURN relays forward only ciphertext, and no production data is persisted in our cloud.

Remote Technicians

CLIENTLESS 1-2-1 ACCESS



DIRECT NATIVE ACCESS (DNA) aka "The Worlds Longest Virtual Arms":

Browser-based hardware-level console access via WebRTC.

Single Bifrost Unit connected to target equipment. No software installation on either side.



CLIENTLESS TUNNEL ACCESS (CTA) aka "The Closest Thing You get to Air-Gapped Tunnelling": a pure hardware-to-hardware encrypted tunnel - no software on either side, only active while the session is live



DIRECT CLIENTLESS TUNNEL ACCESS (DCTA) aka "The most ad-hoc HW-based tunnel available":

Browser-based tunnel client. Single Bifrost Unit in the OT environment. No software installation required - runs entirely in the operator's browser.

LIGHT-WEIGHT APP FOR 1-2-1, MULTI-ENDPOINT AND MULTI-TECHNICIAN ACCESS



DIRECT TUNNEL ACCESS (DTA) aka "The Worlds Longest Cable":

WireGuard-based IP tunnel via lightweight installed client application, connecting to a Bifrost Unit in the OT environment. Subnet mappings enable access to multiple endpoints.

Hardware-Enforced Access
(Attended / Unattended
Bifrost Unit)



On-site GPC device,
Engineering Station or
OT system / machine.



2026 SESSION ACCOUNTABILITY



SessionGuard:

- Session governance with mandatory live-streaming + recording of technician PC screen and keystrokes during sessions. Streamed and saved on customer owned and controlled logserver.

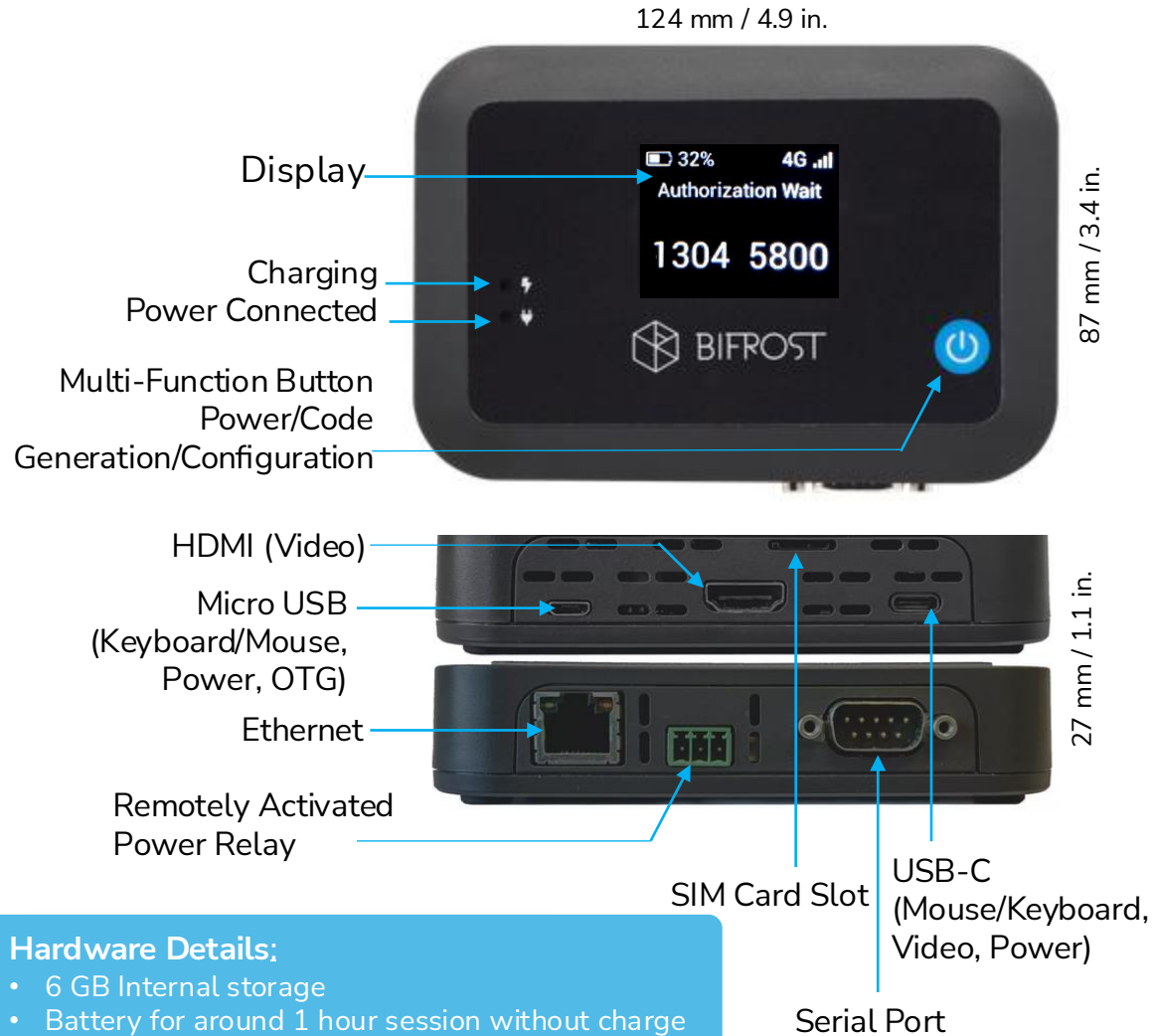


AccessGuard (AG):

Station-level access governance with local MFA, scoped application access, and endpoint-side session recording

HARDWARE AND SECURITY

How Does The Hardware Work?



Hardware Details:

- 6 GB Internal storage
- Battery for around 1 hour session without charge
- Portable/Light weight, only 249 Grams
- Locked to Bifrost Cloud
- WIFI & LTE Modem built in.

The Cybersecurity

HARDWARE:

- ✓ Hardened industrial embedded Linux, stripped to only the BifrostConnect Service.
- ✓ Firmware is signed and updated only over-the-air (OTA); all other settings change only via encrypted MQTT/WebRTC.
- ✓ No inbound services such as SSH or local web.
- ✓ No physical service or debug ports, no local users, and unique, revocable device keys.
- ✓ All fuses are burnt, so it cannot boot from alternative storage or devices.

NETWORK:

- ✓ Outbound only on port 443. No open ports, no internet exposure, inbound blocked.
- ✓ No connectivity sharing, no lingering sessions.

ACCESS:

- ✓ Mandatory per-session MFA and dedicated per-person login via the Manager portal.

DATA:

- ✓ End-to-end encrypted sessions (WebRTC, DTLS-SRTP).
- ✓ No production data stored or accessible via cloud or TURN; relays forward ciphertext only.

ACCOUNTABILITY:

- ✓ Immutable audit log (who, what, when).
- ✓ Enforced session recording and keystroke logging, regardless of license ownership.

MOSED USED ACCESS TYPES

DNA vs DTA

Direct Native Access + Attended Unit



Direct Native Access (DNA):
Aka “The World’s Longest Arms”:
Browser-based hardware-level console access via WebRTC. Single Bifrost Unit connected to target equipment. No software installation on either side.

MANAGER - Central Control
(Private environment on common cloud, private Dedicated Cloud or On-prem)



(Only outbound on port 443)

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Attended Access Unit:
Hardware-Enforced Access with built-in TOTP function for on-site physical control.

HDMI/USB

Server / PC

SSH

Linux Server

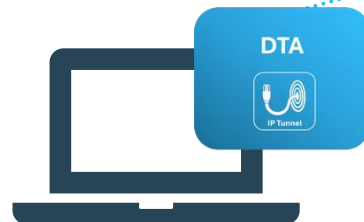
RS232

Router

Direct Tunnel Access + Unattended Unit



DIRECT TUNNEL ACCESS (DTA) aka
“The World’s Longest Cable”:
WireGuard-based IP tunnel via lightweight installed client application, connecting to a Bifrost Unit in the OT environment. Subnet mappings enable access to multiple endpoints.



Unattended Access Unit
Hardware-Enforced Access with forced 2-factor authentication and time-limited sessions controlled in Manager interface.



IP



On-site Engineering Station or OT system / machine e.g. PLC

HOW IT WORKS

Direct Native Access + SessionGuard

When Programming licenses are owned by the vendor / located on technician PC / VMware remote.

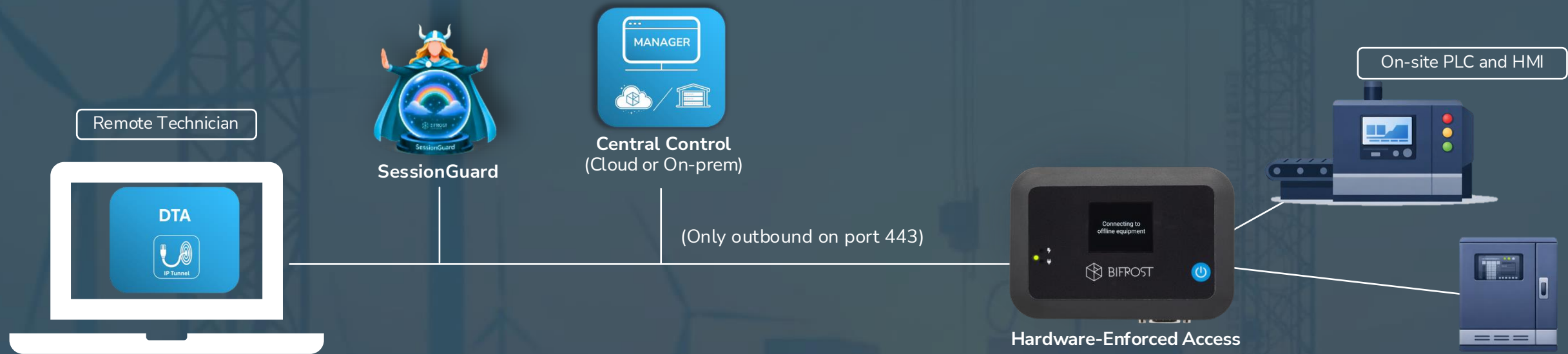


ACCESS TYPE	SESSION GOVERNANCE	CENTRAL ACCESS CONTROL	HARDWARE-ENFORCED ACCESS
Direct Native Access (DNA) Browser-based hardware-level console access via WebRTC. Single Unit connected to target equipment/engineering station. No software installation on either side. (One 2 One communication)	SessionGuard (coming soon) - Session governance with mandatory live-streaming + recording of technician PC screen and keystrokes during sessions. - Streamed and saved on customer owned and controlled logserver. Best Practice: Vendor: keep DTA+SG on Virtual Machine dedicated to the specific customer Customer: keep OT offline / in a closed network + don't use same vendor that controls the remote connection, to setup the log server.	MANAGER: Central Control as private environment on common cloud, Own Dedicated Cloud, or On-Prem infrastructure. BifrostConnect has no ability to decrypt customer production data. Sessions use end-to-end encrypted WebRTC (DTLS-SRTP); our TURN relays forward only ciphertext, and no production data is persisted in our cloud.	Unattended Units: Enables seamless remote access through Bifrost Manager with multi-factor authentication (MFA) and a mobile app for identity verification. This allows authorized personnel to access equipment remotely, even when no on-site staff is available. Attended Units: Utilizes One-Time Password (OTP) technology, requiring a physical press on the Bifrost Unit to generate a secure authorization code. This ensures that only on-site personnel can authorize remote sessions, making it ideal for scenarios where access needs to be validated and terminated locally.

HOW IT WORKS

Direct Tunnel Access + SessionGuard

When Programming licenses are owned by the vendor / located on technician PC / VMware remote.



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HOW IT WORKS

Direct Tunnel Access + AccessGuard

When Programming licenses are owned by the customer / located on engineering station on-site.

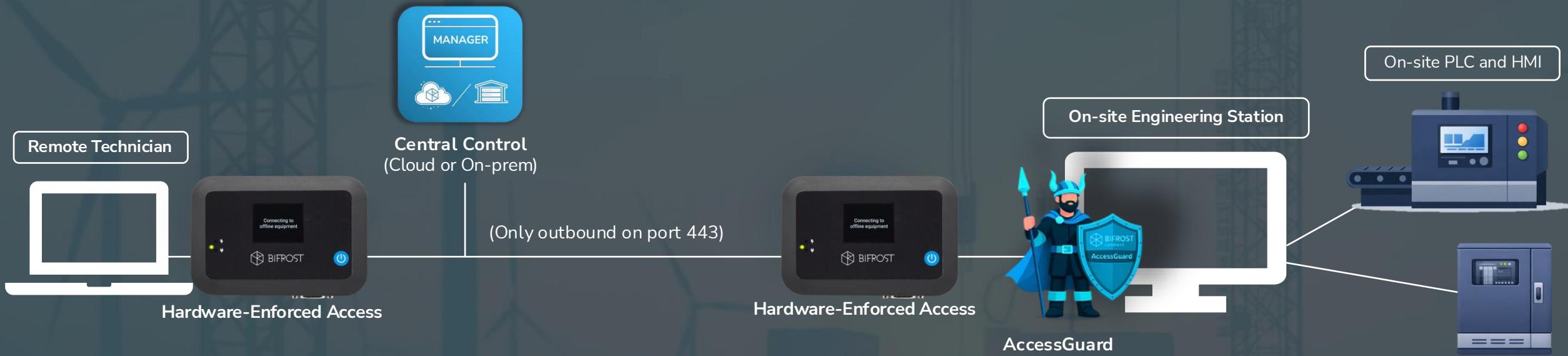


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HOW IT WORKS

Clientless Tunnel Access + AccessGuard

When Programming licenses are owned by the customer / located on engineering station on-site

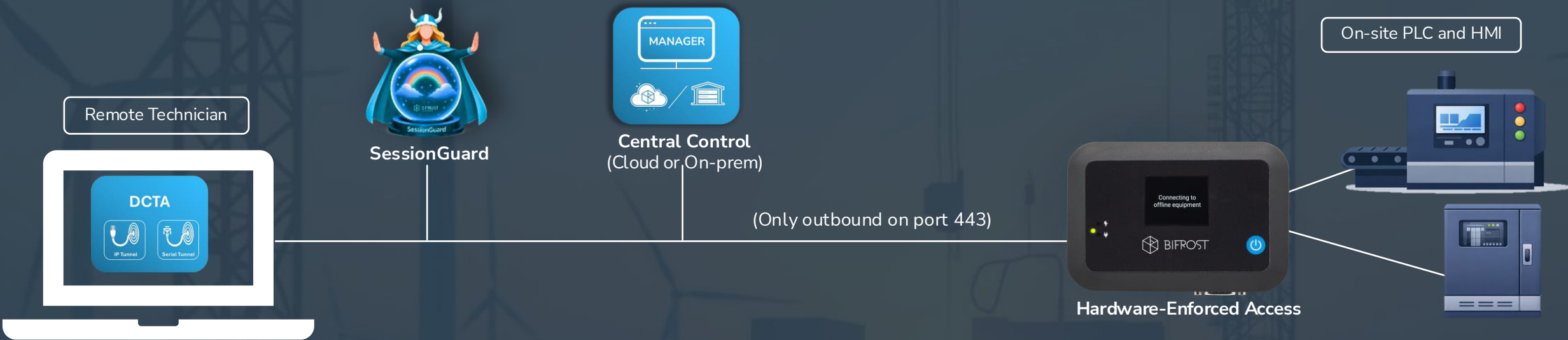


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HOW IT WORKS

Direct Clientless Tunnel Access + SessionGuard

When Programming licenses are owned by the vendor / located on technician PC / VMware remote, and they are not allowed to install software on their technician pc's.

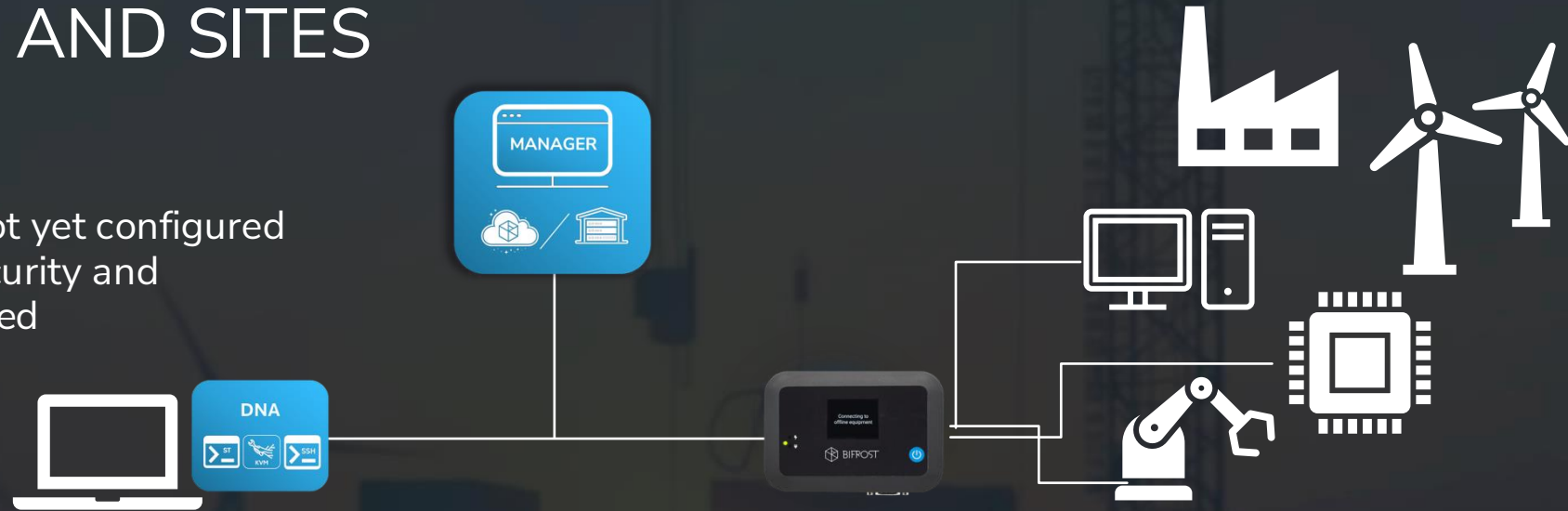


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USE CASES

COMMISSIONING NEW SYSTEMS, PRODUCTION LINES AND SITES

- Networks are isolated or offline
- Operating Systems and IPs are not yet configured
- Vendors need fast access, but security and compliance cannot be compromised



Challenge - Traditional Remote Access does not support:

- **Initial device setup** (OS installation, IP configuration, etc.)
- **Device configuration and programming before network or internet connectivity is established**
- **Firmware upgrades that require reboots and pre-boot user interaction**

What you need:

- **Native access** to offline equipment even during installation, reboot, etc.
- **Out-of-band 4G/LTE connectivity**
- **Portable Endpoint-Agnostic** solution that can provide direct access to any type of device.

BifrostConnect Solution:

By enabling secure remote access to offline and pre-commissioned equipment, we've helped organizations save hundreds of expert hours and cut the overhead of travel, visas, site training, and approvals. Projects move faster, safer, and with fewer dependencies.

USE CASES

ISOLATED AD-HOC 3RD PARTY ACCESS, WITH LOCAL CONTROL AND SESSION GOVERNANCE

For when your primary remote access solution:

- Is not connected / Fully Deployed
- Is too complex and time consuming
- Can't cover the requirements / isn't secure enough
- Takes too long to get "access"
- Has not been implemented

Then we protect both OT x IT environment:

- Old legacy systems
- No internal IT personnel
- Limited Resources
- Increasing Demands for Cybersecurity best practice
- For when the only alternative is sending an expert on-site



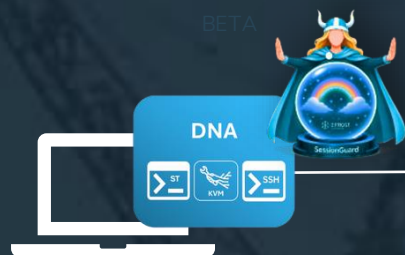
With Ad-Hoc access, the security model shifts from "open by default" to "closed by default."

USE CASES

BUSINESS CONTINUITY, INCIDENT RESPONSE & DISASTER RECOVERY

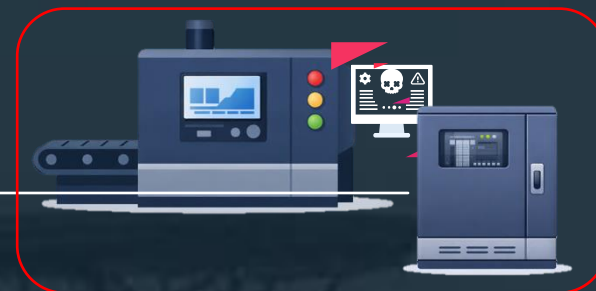
The Result

- ✓ Maintain business continuity
- ✓ Enable remote diagnostics during containment
- ✓ Recover systems safely and efficiently
- ✓ Restore operations without exposing OT to the internet



External expert, using BifrostConnect directly connected to the infected system in isolation.

Containment / Isolation



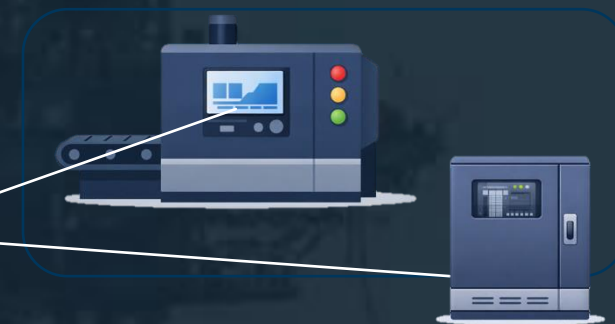
Operations Manager, using BifrostConnect as fallback remote access to continue operations on unaffected systems in island mode.



SCADA



"Island Mode" / "Clean-room"



ADDITIONAL EXAMPLES

Ad-Hoc Remote Access for Server Recovery and Remote Configuration

SITUATION	BifrostConnect implementation	WHY THIS FITS
- Ad-hoc need for fast remote access to customer sites - Server recovery and remote configuration tasks - Single IT technician per session	- Unattended Unit - Direct Native Access (clientless KVM, Serial, SSH, no client on the technician PC) - Bifrost Manager, Advanced plan	- No software install on technician PC or target server - Sessions initiated remotely via Manager with MFA, no on-site dependency - Outbound-only OT posture, no inbound ports, no internet exposure - Full audit log, individual identity per session

Remote Access for Multiple Users Across Remote Sites, *With session management and per-user audit*

SITUATION	BifrostConnect implementation	WHY THIS FITS
- Multiple users and user groups needing remote access to different customer sites and different equipment - Portfolio of remote sites - Session management and per-user audit required for compliance	- Unattended Bifrost Units (one per site) - Direct Tunnel Access (identity-bound, time-scoped IP access) - Bifrost Manager, Advanced plan - SessionGuard (Beta - pre-access included upon availability)	- Multi-user governance with hierarchy-based access - Time-bound just-in-time sessions - Audit log per session for compliance evidence - Time-limited OTP authentication - Visibility into access and usage patterns



7 REASONS WHY CUSTOMERS CHOOSE US



- 1 SECURE TRANSPORT, ENDPOINT CONTROL AND ENFORCED SESSION ACCOUNTABILITY IN ONE UNIFIED PLATFORM, PROVIDING YOU BOTH DEVICE-LEVEL AND NETWORK-LEVEL ACCESS TOGETHER.**
- 2 OUT-OF-BAND HARDWARE ACCESS TO ANY EQUIPMENT:** Including air-gapped, legacy and OS-less assets no other remote access solution can reach.
- 3 BUILT ON THE BELIEF THAT “OT CALLS OUT. OT NEVER RECEIVES”:** No open ports, no inbound traffic, no internet exposure of target equipment.
- 4 Local on-site control + centralized governance:** The facility owner controls who gets in, when, and for how long, without giving up central oversight
- 5 ZERO TRUST BY DESIGN:** Mandatory MFA, just-in-time sessions, least privilege, full audit trail and session recording - with no dependency on the vendor's engineering license.
- 6 WORKS WHEN NOTHING ELSE DOES:** 4G out-of-band connectivity means remote access survives network outages, and the portable unit with built-in battery requires no infrastructure changes on site.
- 7 “TRUE AD-HOC ACCESS BY NATURE”:** “Ad-hoc” is not just a software add-on or something that’s configured in order to work - it’s the nature of the Bifrost Unit, to be moved around and plugged in where and when you need it.